

## 1 Easiest – 4 Hardest

<b>Biology Paper 1</b>		<b>1hr 15</b>	<b>70 marks</b>	<b>16.7%</b>
<b>Cell Biology</b>				
1	Eukaryotes: Animal and plant cells - labelling organelles and giving their jobs			
2	Prokaryotes: Bacterial cells – labelling organelles and giving their jobs			
3	Specialisation and differentiation of animal and plant cells			
1	Names and jobs of specialised cells			
2	Adaptations of specialised cells			
2	<b>RP - Microscopes</b>			
1	The magnification equation (off by heart)			
1	The 3 stage of the cell cycle			
2	Mitosis			
1	Stem cells – knowing the two types			
1	Meristems			
2	Diffusion			
3	Osmosis			
3	<b>RP - Osmosis</b>			
3	Active transport			
4	Comparing and problem solving with diffusion osmosis and active transport			
<b>Organisation</b>				
1	Definitions and examples of cells, tissues and organs			
1	Parts of the digestive system and their jobs			
1	<b>RP – food tests</b>			
2	Enzymes; lipase, amylase and proteas. What they do and where they are found in the body			
2	Bile and emulsification			
4	<b>RP – pH affecting Amylase</b>			
2	Parts of the heart			
2	Naming the three blood vessels and describing their features			
2	The four parts of the blood and their jobs			
2	Heart diseases and health issues			
2	Non-communicable diseases and causes			
	Obesity & BMI			
2	Knowing the different tissues in a leaf and their jobs			
1	Xylem and phloem			
3	Stomata, guard cells and transpiration			
4	Transpiration and Translocation			
<b>Infection and response</b>				
1	Definitions of communicable diseases and non-communicable disease			
3	Viral, bacterial, fungal and protist, how they behave			
2	Details of; Influenza, Measles, Salmonella, HIV, Malaria, gonorrhoea,			
2	Details of plant diseases including TMV and Rose Black Spot			
2	Human defences: The non specific immune system			
3	Human defences: The specific immune system (three roles of the white blood cells)			
3	Vaccinations			

1	Antibiotics and Painkillers	
1	Where aspirin, digitalis and penicillin come from	
2	Drug Trials and the stages involved	
<b>Bioenergetics</b>		
1	Photosynthesis equation (symbol & word)	
3	Rate of photosynthesis and the four factors that affect it	
2	<b>RP – Light intensity on the rate of photosynthesis</b>	
2	Uses of glucose from photosynthesis	
3	Aerobic and anaerobic respiration equations (symbol & word)	
3	Responses to exercise – how the lungs, heart and skin respond	
3	Metabolism and break down of lactic acid	

<b>Chemistry Paper 1</b>	<b>1hr 15</b>	<b>70 marks</b>	<b>16.7%</b>
<b>Atomic Structure and the Periodic Table</b>			
1	Atoms, elements and compounds definitions (and diagrams)		
1	Mixtures definitions (and diagrams)		
2	Developing the model of the atom (Dalton, JJ Thompsons, Rutherford, Bohr)		
2	Draw and label a diagram of the atom with charges and relative masses (protons, neutrons and electrons)		
3	Size and mass of atoms		
3	Relative Atomic Mass and Proton Number		
2	Electronic structure and how they are arranged on shells		
3	How the periodic table is structured		
2	The development of the periodic table (Newlands & Mendeleev)		
1	Metals and non-metals and the line that separates them on the periodic table		
4	Group 1 of the PT – The name, reactions (with oxygen, burning and water) and trends		
4	Group 7 of the PT – The name, reactions (displacement) and trends		
2	Group 0 - Group 1 of the PT – The name and why they are unreactive		
1	Transition Metals - Group 1 of the PT – Typical properties of metals		
<b>Bonding, Structure and Property of Matter</b>			
<b>1</b>	The three types of bonding and when they happen (metals and non-metals)		
2	Drawing and Describing Ionic Bonds		
3	Properties of Giant Ionic Lattices (and what states they can conduct electricity)		
2	Drawing and Describing Covalent Bonds		
4	Properties of simple covalent molecules (small molecules)		
3	Giant covalent structures (including diamond, graphite, graphene and fullerenes) including bonding and properties		
2	Allotropes of carbon		
2	Metallic bonding and the structure in metals		
3	How metals conduct electricity		
2	What Alloys are and why they are strong		
2	Describing states of matter and state symbols		
2	What Polymers are		

Quantitative chemistry		
2	Conservation of mass	
2	Relative formula mass and how to calculate it using the periodic table	
2	Percentage of Mass	
3	Mass changes during a reaction and losing or gaining gases	
3	Chemical measurements	
1	Learning the moles equation (HT)	
3	Calculating moles and moles in equations (HT)	
4	Masses of substances in equations (HT) (Reacting Masses)	
4	Limiting reactants (HT)	
2	Converting to dm <sup>3</sup> from cm <sup>3</sup>	
1	Concentrations of solutions definition	
1	Learning and applying the concentration equation	
<b>Chemical Changes</b>		
1	Metal ore (oxides)	
1	Learning the order of the reactivity series	
3	Describing reactivity in the reactivity series	
3	Extraction of metals and when reduction using carbon and electrolysis is used	
2	Reduction using carbon	
	Oxidation & Reduction	
3	Reduction and details to extract iron using the blast furnace	
2	Reactions of acids with metals – word and symbol equations	
2	Difference and similarities between alkalis and bases	
2	Neutralisation of acids and salt production - word and symbol equations	
1	Learn the ionic equation of neutralisation	
4	Describe the meaning of strong/weak/Dilute and Concentrated acids	
2	<b>RP – making salts from acids &amp; insoluble bases</b>	
2	Naming salts correctly from the acid and base name	
2	Electrolysis equipment and what happens during the electrolysis of molten compounds	
2	Electrolysis equipment (and cryolite) during the electrolysis of aluminium oxide	
4	<b>RP - Electrolysis of solutions</b>	
<b>Energy Changes</b>		
1	Definitions of exothermic and endothermic reactions	
2	Definition and understanding of the term Activation Energy	
2	<b>RP – energy changes in chemical reactions</b>	
2	Reaction profiles	
4	Energy changes of reactions in terms of bonds breaking and forming (HT)	
3	Bond Energy Calculations (HT)	

Physics Paper 1		1hr 15	70 marks	16.7%
<b>Energy</b>				
2	Energy stores and systems			
3	GPE & Kinetic			
2	Useful and wasted energy for different appliances			
2	Lubricants			
3	The law of conservation of energy			
4	Reading and understanding Sankey Diagrams			
3	Power definition and units			
3	Energy transfers in a system			
2	Efficiency definition and how to calculate it			
1	Renewable & non-renewable energy definitions			
1	Reliable & non-reliable sources			
1	Start-up time			
2	How different power stations/resources work; wind turbines, Biogas, Biofuel, coal/oil/Gas, hydroelectric, solar, tidal, nuclear			
3	Advantages and disadvantages of all the above			
<b>Electricity</b>				
1	Circuit symbols			
2	Drawing circuits including putting ammeters and voltmeter in the correct place			
3	Electrical charge and current; definitions, units and equation			
3	Current resistant and potential difference; definitions, units and equation			
3	Resistance; definitions, units			
2	LDRs and Thermistors			
3	<b>RP – I-V characteristics of circuit components making sure you know the shapes of the graphs</b>			
2	Series and parallel circuits; how to draw them and the differences			
4	Series and Parallel circuit rules for current, PD and resistance			
3	Direct and alternating potential difference (AC-DC)			
2	Mains electricity including the mains PD and Frequency			
4	Power ( $P = V \times I$ ; $P = I^2 \times R$ )			
3	Energy transfers in everyday appliances			
2	What makes up the national grid, including the role of transformers			
<b>Particle Model of Matter</b>				
1	Density definition and units			
1	Learn the density equation			
2	<b>RP – Density of regular and irregular objects</b>			
2	Changes of state; condensation, evaporation, freezing and melting			
3	<b>Detailed description of the above</b>			
2	Internal energy definition			
2	Temperature changes in a system			
1	Specific heat capacity definition (you get given the equation)			

3	<b>RP – Specific heat Capacity Practical</b>	
4	Rearranging the specific Heat capacity Equation	
2	Specific latent heat of fusion/vaporisation definitions	
2	Using the specific latent heat equation (you get given this)	
2	Particle motion in gases and how they behave	

<b>Atomic Structure</b>		
1	The structure of an atom	
2	Mass number, atomic number	
2	Definition and structure of isotopes	
2	The development of the atomic model (also in chemistry)	
3	Rutherford Scattering Experiment	
2	Radioactive decay and nuclear radiation (Alpha, Beta, Gamma)	
2	Count rate and changes in count rate	
3	Nuclear equations (alpha and beta)	
2	Random nature of decay	
1	Half – life and half-life graphs and calculations	
1	Radioactive contamination and irradiation	

<b>Biology Paper 2</b>	<b>1hr 15</b>	<b>70 marks</b>	<b>16.7%</b>
<b>Homeostasis and response</b>			
2	Homeostasis		
2	The nervous system		
1	Definitions of stimulus, receptor and effector		
3	The reflex arc (including the order)		
2	<b>RP – Reaction Time – ruler drop test</b>		
1	Human endocrine system including location of glands		
1	What hormones do in body		
3	Controlling blood glucose concentration		
4	Puberty and the menstrual cycle, including the jobs of the four female hormones		
2	Contraception including barrier and hormonal methods		
3	Infertile and IVF		
4	Negative feedback (HT)		
<b>Inheritance</b>			
1	Sexual and asexual reproduction		
3	Mitosis and the stages involved		
4	Meiosis and the stages involved		
1	Fertilisation		
1	DNA organisation including understanding of DNA, Double helix, Gene, Chromosomes		
2	The Human Genome and why it is important		
3	Understanding of the words; alleles, homozygous, heterozygous, genotype and phenotype		

3	Genetic inheritance including completing punnet squares and analysing result	
4	Inherited disorders including knowledge of Polydactyl, Cystic Fibrosis and Huntington's Disease	
3	Genetic screening (linking to IVF)	
3	Family trees	
1	Sex determination and understanding of XX XY chromosomes	

Variation and Evolution		
2	Variation	
2	Mutations	
3	Evolution by natural selection	
4	Resistant bacteria and how to prevent it	
1	Selective breeding	
1	Genetic engineering	
1	Evidence for evolution	
1	Fossils	
1	Extinction – Biotic and Abiotic causes	
3	Evolution of resistant bacteria	
1	The order of classification – king Philip came....	
2	Analysing classification diagrams	
3	Describing how classification has got more accurate over time	
Ecology		
1	Definitions of: Communities, population, habitat	
1	Abiotic and biotic factors	
3	Adaptations of plants and animals	
1	Definitions of; producers, primary/secondary consumer/predator/prey/apex predator	
3	Analysing food webs and food chains	
2	<b>RP – Sampling techniques to measure population sizes using quadrats</b>	
1	Water Cycle	
2	Carbon Cycle	
2	Defining Biodiversity	
2	Waste management	
2	Land use	
2	Deforestation	
1	Naming greenhouse gases	
3	Global Warming	
2	Maintaining Biodiversity	

<b>Chemistry Paper 2</b>	<b>1hr 15</b>	<b>70 marks</b>	<b>16.7%</b>
<b>The Rate of Chemical Change</b>			

2	Measuring rate of reaction in practical's using gas syringes and balances	
3	Calculating rates of reactions	
	Using a tangent to calculate rates (H)	
3	Factors affecting rates of reactions (concentration, pressure, temperature, catalysts, surface area)	
3	<b>RP – rates of chemical reactions changing concentration of sodium thiosulphate</b>	
4	Collision theory and activation energy	
2	Reversible reactions and symbol in equations	
3	Equilibrium in reactions	
4	Changing conditions equilibrium (temp,pressure,conc) (HT)	
<b>Organic Chemistry</b>		
2	Crude oil, hydrocarbons, alkenes and alkanes	
2	Naming alkanes and alkenes with 1-5 carbons	
3	Fractional distillation process	
1	Uses of products of fractional distillation	
4	Trend of hydrocarbons with different chain lengths	
1	The three conditions needed for cracking	
3	Cracking drawings and equations	
<b>Chemical Analysis</b>		
1	Pure & impure substances	
3	Melting and boiling points and pure & impure substances	
1	Formulations	
2	<b>RP – Chromatography and calculating Rf values</b>	
2	Comparing substances based on Rf values	
1	Gas test for hydrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide and chlorine	
<b>Chemistry of the atmosphere</b>		
1	Proportion of gases in the atmosphere currently	
2	Earth's early atmosphere and changes in O <sub>2</sub> and CO <sub>2</sub>	
2	Greenhouse gases and the effects of human activity	
1	Global climate change and it's impacts	
2	The carbon footprint	
2	Deforestation and links to CO <sub>2</sub>	
3	Atmospheric pollutants and how they are formed from fuels including carbon dioxide, sulphur dioxide, carbon particulates and nitrous oxides	
2	Properties and effects of atmospheric pollutants (above)	
<b>Using Resources</b>		
2	Earth's resources and sustainable development	
1	Potable water	
3	<b>RP – Distillation and measuring dissolved solid in water samples</b>	
2	Waste water treatment and stages	
2	Alternative methods of extracting metals (HT) phytomining and bioleaching	
2	Life cycle assessment and the four stages	
2	Ways of reducing the use of resources	
2	Recycling	

Physics Paper 2		1hr 15	70 marks	16.7%
<b>Forces</b>				
1	Scalar and vector quantities			
1	Contact and non-contact forces			
2	Gravity and weight			
2	Terminal Velocity			
2	Resultant forces			
2	Drawing scale force diagrams			
3	Resultant forces at right angles			
2	Work done and energy transfers			
2	Forces and elasticity			
2	<b>RP – Hooke's Law and Spring Constant</b>			
2	Spring Constant Calculations and units			
1	The difference between Distance and displacement			
1	The difference between Speed and velocity			
3	Distance-time graphs			
3	Velocity – time graphs			
4	Calculating distance from velocity -time graphs (HT)			
2	Definition of acceleration, units and calculation			
	Definition of deceleration, units and calculating			
4	Calculating acceleration from a velocity – time graph			
2	Newton's 3 laws of motion			
2	Stopping distance			
2	Reaction time			
2	Factors affecting braking distance and thinking distance			
4	Momentum definition and calculations (HT)			
4	Conservation of momentum (HT)			
<b>Waves</b>				
1	Transverse and longitudinal waves			
3	Properties of waves of transvers and longitudinal waves			
2	Sound waves and ultrasound			
3	Using speed, distance time to calculate speed/distance of sound			
2	Frequency definition and calculations			
2	Learning and using the equation frequency, wave speed and wave length			
1	The order of the electromagnetic spectrum			
3	Electromagnetic waves (properties and uses)			
1	Reflection			
2	Refraction			
3	<b>RP – Infrared absorption and emission – Leslie Cube</b>			
<b>Magnetism and Electromagnetism</b>				
2	Poles of a magnet and drawing magnetic fields			
1	Solenoids			
1	Describing when magnets attract and repel			
2	Electromagnetism and building an electromagnet			
2	Why electromagnetism is useful			
4	Fleming's left-hand rule (HT)			
4	Electric motors (HT)			



